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## FEW PRISONERS TAKEN BY VILLA; FATE OF THE FEDERALS IS MYSTERY

Only Thirty Were Captured Alive and Uninjured, and Rebel Chief May Have Held Wholesale Executions

### DEAD LIE IN TORREON STREETS

Difficult Problem Now Presents Itself in How to Dispose of Bodies—Huge Pyre Will Probably Be Built

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] CHIHUAHUA, April 4.—When Villa took Torreon he took only thirty prisoners alive and unwounded, according to information received. Whether this means many were executed or that General Velasco, crippled but valiant, succeeded in escaping with practically all his army not dead or disabled, could not be learned. It is known he made the first few miles of escape on troop trains which he abandoned when he came to the first place where the rails were removed. This is construed in favor of the reports that got away with the remnant of his army intact. Vice Consul Powers of Parral, who was arrested charged with passing counterfeit money, is still under charges but at liberty on parole. Marion Letcher, the United States consul here, demanded that Powers be given an immediate hearing, but Manuel Chao, military governor of the state, is yet unable to comply, owing to the press of other duties in connection with the battle of Torreon.

A dispatch from an Italian army officer with the rebel artillery was received from Torreon, saying: "Dead horses and dead men are piled high in the streets. The plaza is in ruins and the city spattered with blood. It is impossible to estimate the number of federal dead, but a superficial inspection of public places would indicate that not less than 2000 bodies are scattered about. It will be a task to get rid of the dead, but a gigantic funeral pyre will probably be built and the bodies of men and animals incinerated. Among the dead are some picked rascals who fought against Zapata in the south and who were sent north to attempt to check Villa's victorious march."

Gossip among strategists as to Villa's future movements about agree that, having rested and refitted his army, he will proceed simultaneously against Saltillo and Monterrey on the east and Zacatecas on the south. Assuming success, it is thought the armies will then reunite, probably at San Luis Potosi, for the campaign against Mexico City. Villa is quoted by rebels as saying: "We will be ready to dictate in Mexico City. There can be no compromise with the enemy. Madero compromised and his government failed through the treachery of those who did not appreciate him or took advantage of his clemency. The revolution must be the last in Mexico."

(Continued on Page Five)

## Court Says "Take Villa Money" Won't Accept In Paying Fine

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] DOUGLAS, April 4.—A Chinese merchant of Agua Prieta, Sonora, was arrested for refusal to accept the so-called Villa currency as legal tender and narrowly escaped arrest when he attempted to pay with bills of the same issue the fine imposed for the original "offense."

The Chinese was first arrested when the Villa currency was legal tender under constitutional fiat. It has since been declared invalid. He avoided incarceration by quickly paying his fine with the new currency.

### Read and See "The Adventures Of Kathlyn"

Read the present installment of "The Adventures of Kathlyn" this morning, and at the end of the week go to the movies and see it. See if it has been staged according to your conception when you read it.

This is a thrilling novel, the strongest ever written by Harold McGrath. This is a new way to read a novel.

Readers of The Republican will be disappointed by the failure this morning of "Mr. Dooley" to appear. We were yesterday informed by the syndicate that, by reason of the illness of Mr. Dunne, that feature had not been prepared. It will doubtless appear next week.

For the little ones, as well as the older readers, there is the "dot" cartoon this morning. Complete it and see how it looks.

### FELT GETS FIVE YEAR SENTENCE

OMAHA, Neb., April 4.—Albert C. Felt, cashier of the failed First National Bank of Superior, Neb., pleaded guilty in federal court to the charge of embezzlement of the funds of that institution, and was sentenced to five years imprisonment. Felt disappeared last winter before the bank closed, but gave himself up in San Francisco some weeks ago.

## Hunt Formally Denies Candidacy For U. S. Senate

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] GLOBE, April 4.—Governor Hunt formally announced today that he will not be a candidate for the United States senate against Senator Mark A. Smith. He refused to say whether or not he will run for re-election as governor, though he is understood privately to have told friends he is a candidate.

Friends of Governor Hunt are not surprised that he has once and for all set at rest the rumors that he is a candidate for the United States senate. To those who are close to the governor it is known that he expects to succeed himself as governor on January 1 next, and that there is all sorts of work now going on privately to bring about that particular consummation. There are others of the governor's friends in all sections of the state who are anxious to have him publicly announce his candidacy for the governorship before July so that actual public work in his behalf can be done.

### "ARMY" IS GUILTY

Are Accused of Sleeping On Dry River Bed

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] LOS ANGELES, April 4.—Four members of the "army of the unemployed," recently arrested on a charge of sleeping in the dry bed of Los Angeles River in violation of a city ordinance, were found guilty by a jury in Police Judge Williams' court. Attorneys for the defense claimed that the clients believed they slept on private property on the bank. Sentence will be imposed on Monday, when the trials of several of the last squad of 104 members will be begun.

### REBELS PURSUE FLEEING FEDERALS

JUAREZ, April 4.—It is estimated here that the rebels have a force of 4500 men in pursuit of the federal garrison forced, out of Torreon on Thursday night. Fighting between two forces at San Pedro was reported yesterday and the day before but nothing new on the subject was received today.

## FARISH TO BE FIRST MANAGER OF THIS CITY

Well Known Reclamation Service Engineer is Unofficial, But Unanimous, Choice of the New Commissioners

### COOPER CHOSEN FOR AUDITOR

Members of Commission Hold Conference and Bring Out Their Candidates for the Two Highest Offices

W. A. Farish, United States reclamation service construction engineer, will be the first city manager of Phoenix. His appointment will be made at the first meeting of the new commission on Tuesday. C. F. Cooper, bookkeeper for the Dorris-Heyman Company will be the first auditor under the commission form of government. A well known democratic attorney will be city magistrate. There are persistent rumors as to the filling of the various managerial appointive offices but none of these had assumed sufficiently tangible form last evening to warrant a forecast.

The selection of Farish for the highest office within the gift of the commission and of Cooper for the head of the city's accounting department, was unofficially made by the commissioners at a conference held yesterday afternoon at which all were in attendance. Farish was the final choice out of four possibilities and the unanimous choice upon the final advisory vote. His name will be the only one presented at the first regular meeting of the commission and he will probably receive unanimous support upon the first ballot.

For several days the name of Farish has been frequently mentioned in sidewalk conferences and long before the conference of yesterday afternoon it was known that Commissioners-elect Cope and Foley would urge his appointment. The attitude of Mayor-elect Young, while not publicly announced, was supposed to be in favor of H. M. Lewis as first choice, A. A. Betts for second choice and Farish for third choice. Commissioner-elect Corstine was also credited with being of the same frame of mind as Young. Commissioner-elect Woods was an uncertain quantity but it is stated that when it came to the advisory vote yesterday afternoon he presented the name of Robert A. Craig, former superintendent of the city water department, and at one time citizen member of the board of control, and supported him consistently until the final balloting, at which he was elected. Farish, Young and Corstine are also said to have abandoned their first and second choice with the result that upon the final ballot the commission stood unanimously in favor of Farish.

Of course there is nothing official in the action of the commission at Saturday's conference, but there is little reason to believe that anything can arise between now and Tuesday to change the choice.

W. A. Farish is probably one of the best known engineers in the southwest and one of the most prominent citizens of Phoenix. He has resided in the Salt River Valley for over a quarter of a century. Over twenty years ago he made the survey of the Horseshoe dam site for the Rio Verde Canal Company. He built the Roosevelt road, one of the engineering feats of recent years in this section. He was a member of the street paving commission and one of its most active members. He is at present construction engineer of the reclamation service and the senior engineer of the project. In addition he is the local reclamation member of the board of survey.

Cooper is perhaps not nearly so widely known, but in his particular line he enjoys no less an enviable reputation. As a member of the bookkeeping department of the Dorris-Heyman Furniture Company, he has demonstrated his ability as an accountant and his particular fitness for the position of auditor.

It is generally understood that there are to be some other changes in the heads of the various departments of the city. There will be a new chief of police, a new street commissioner, perhaps a new city engineer. There are rumors that no changes will be made in the water department, and the fire department at present. Of course this will be strictly up to the new city manager, although there have been rumors for sometime that there would be several important changes in the city hall.

### WEATHER TODAY

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, D. C., April 4.—Rain or snow in the north. Colder.

## A HOUSE DIVIDED AGAINST ITSELF.

By John T. McCutcheon.

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## WEYERHAUSER PASSES AWAY AT OAK KNOLL

Multi-millionaire Minnesota Lumberman, Aged Seventy-nine, Succumbs to Cold He Caught Week Ago

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] LOS ANGELES, April 4.—The body of Frederick W. Weyerhaeuser, lumberman, who died today at his winter home at Oak Knoll, a suburb of Los Angeles, is on its way tonight to the old home at Rock Island, Ill., for interment. Weyerhaeuser, who was 79, caught cold a week ago Sunday, while attending church. Following Wednesday his condition was so alarming that his children were summoned from the east. Three physicians were called and they attended him day and night, and managed to overcome his sinking spells until shortly after 5 o'clock this morning, when the patient sank into a coma, and died at 8:20.

His sons, John, Charles, Frederick and Rudolph, and his daughters, Mrs. Margaret Jewett, Mrs. W. B. Hill and Mrs. S. S. Davis, were at the bedside at the end. His wife died two years ago.

Weyerhaeuser, who was one of the wealthiest men in the world, was born in a small village on the Rhine, near Mainz, Germany, in 1834. He came to America when he was 18. Once he thought to be a brewer, and worked for four dollars a month.

Weyerhaeuser got his financial start by applying thrift and economy to a business which in the early sixties was being permitted to run on a profligate scale.

"Never lose a log," became Weyerhaeuser's slogan in the days when thousands of white pine logs daily escaped from the rafts being floated from the woods to the mills. He picked profits with both hands from this source when others refused to bother with "so small a matter."

Weyerhaeuser next took up the question of the middlemen. Some times three and four profits were taken by cutters, loggers and steamboat men and others before the timber reached the saw mill. These middlemen, Weyerhaeuser believed, were the principal cause of the great and costly confusion regarding the ownership of logs. In doing away with the middlemen, Weyerhaeuser conceived the idea of the Mississippi Boom Logging Company, which was a combination of the biggest men in the lumber trade in the middle west, which was consummated in Chicago, December, 1870.

Weyerhaeuser attended the meeting and at its conclusion he was one of three members of the executive committee. Within a few years his associates in the concern discovered that Weyerhaeuser was the Mississippi Boom Logging Company. He became president one year after its formation and held the post for forty years. From this point the value of his holdings began to run into the millions rapidly.

### THE ALL THE YEAR HALF HOLIDAY

"Resolved that an all the year round Saturday half holiday would promote the material and commercial prosperity of our valley" will be ably debated this afternoon at three o'clock at the Empress Theater. The affirmative of the question will be taken by James Westervelt and J. L. Gust, the latter having consented to take the place of B. L. Morgan. George Purdy Bullard and Walter Burch offer arguments against the half holiday.

Mayor-elect George U. Young will preside. The judges will be C. H. Pratt, president of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association, Judge Kibbey and Judge Lewis.

## Four Convicts Are Killed Trying To Break From Jail

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] SACRAMENTO, April 4.—Three convicts were shot and instantly killed and two others were wounded, one fatally, in an attempt to break from the incorrigible ward at Folsom prison.

The instantly killed are: Jose Luceria, serving two years for grand larceny, from Fresno; Earl W. Siprell, two years for robbery, from Los Angeles; and Raymond Blado, two years for burglary, from San Bernardino.

The fatally wounded are: Norman C. Hare, two years for assault, from Los Angeles, shot in the body, and Percy Barnes, two years for grand larceny, from Yuba county, shot in the body.

Hare died tonight of his wounds, and the fifth convict is believed to be dying.

The men who figured in the attempted break were considered the most vicious and desperate in the prison. Not a guard was injured, and none of the men gained the outside of the building. Those not shot dodged back into their cells, begging for mercy. The men plotted the break on Thursday night. They were overheard by guards, and the leaders were warned by Warden Smith not to attempt an escape.

### HASTENING REPEAL BILL

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, April 4.—There is every prospect that the Panama free tolls repeal bill will be reported in some form from the senate committee on Inter-Oceanic canals within a week. So absorbing is the subject that it may be formally under consideration, the leaders of both sides asserted that there will be no unnecessary delay in passing of the house repeal bill in committee.

### WANTED BRIDE AT HOME

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] SAN ANTONIO, April 4.—Because his bride of seven months persisted in visiting her parents, Alfonso Zuniga shot and killed her and wounded his mother-in-law, and then probably fatally wounded himself.

In the last twenty years his interests increased so rapidly that even bankers close to him in a business way were unable to keep track of his vast holdings.

He entered the Pacific Coast field, and the southern lumber field on a scale that made wealthy men gasp. The organization of \$12,000,000 and \$15,000,000 concerns to handle individual timber and mineral companies became commonplace. Only the executor's appraisal can accurately total his wealth.

## RESERVE BANK COMMITTEE IS STILL SILENT

Criticism of Their Selection of Reserve Cities and Their Division of Country Banking Districts Brings No Reply

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, April 4.—Members of the reserve bank organization committee remained silent although criticism of their selection of reserve cities and their division of the country banking districts is still heard in congress.

No official explanation is forthcoming in the defense of the committee, but the unofficial view was that some of the criticism had a political tinge. Defenders of the committee said no matter who had been charged with the responsibility, they would have reached fundamentally the same conclusion.

Apparently the most vigorous criticism has been directed toward the choice of Richmond in preference to Baltimore or Washington and of Atlanta instead of New Orleans. It is said, however, by those familiar with the committee's deliberations, that the trend of trade from the south is north and eastward and not towards New Orleans. Hence Atlanta is more strategically located for the bank. In defense of Richmond, it is argued that closer business relations with the south prevail there than at Baltimore or Washington.

One fact brought out was that a poll of all national banks which signified their intention of entering the system was taken into consideration in naming cities. In each district but one, a majority of the banks favored the city chosen by the committee as a reserve center.

Some surprise was expressed by critics who dwelt upon the fact that the New York district did not include Jersey City and Newark and some nearby Connecticut points. It is recalled, however, that the fact that these cities were put in the Philadelphia and Boston district did not prevent their having about the same relations with banks of New York as present. About the only difference will be that their reserve funds will not be kept in New York.

In this connection it was said that under the present system more than \$300,000,000 of reserves from small banks throughout the country are usually on deposit in banks of four great cities. In times of stress much of this great sum is out in call loans. When a crash comes, it was argued, the small banks will likely find themselves unable to get reserve funds from these cities.

It was largely to cure such a condition, it was said, that the districts

## FIGHT SENATE STAR CHAMBER PROCEEDINGS

Open War is Declared Against Time-Honored Rule of Secrecy Relating to Executive Sessions at National Capitol

### ONLY TREATIES ARE EXEMPTED

Senator Kenyon of Iowa Introduces Resolution for Open Sessions Except in Case of Diplomatic Matters

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] WASHINGTON, April 4.—Open war was declared in the senate against the time-honored rule of secrecy relating to proceedings in executive sessions.

Following the defiance expressed by several senators in the closed session on Friday against suppressing debate on the confirmation of Winthrop Daniels, of New Jersey, as a member of the interstate commerce commission, actual hostilities began when Senator Kenyon of Iowa, after a conference with those colleagues who are leading the movement to lift the ban on publicity, introduced a resolution that provides for open sessions on all matters except treaties unless otherwise directed by the unanimous consent of the senate. The resolution was referred to the committee on rules.

The executive sessions resolution proposing to amend the rules, reads: "Resolved, That it is the judgment of the senate that executive sessions shall hereafter be open to the public, except when treaties are considered or when the senate by unanimous consent orders otherwise, and the committee on rules is directed to prepare such amendments as may be necessary to carry out the terms of this resolution and present the same to the senate for action thereon." It was submitted with the backing of Senators LaFollette, Cummins, Gronna, Borah, Clapp, Jones, Brislow, Norris and Poindeux, who propose, as they gave notice on Friday, to discuss freely the executive session debates on qualifications of nominees for public office whenever they feel the public should be informed regarding them. These senators united today in an anti-secrecy campaign, and all assert themselves to be without fear of any attempt being made to unseat them on the ground that they are violating their oath of office.

The confirmation of Winthrop Daniels, of New Jersey, as a member of the interstate commerce commission, after a notable three days' senate fight, was followed today by the revelation that Mr. Daniels had asked President Wilson to withdraw his name and thus stop the contest, which he believed would be embarrassing to the president, and that Wilson refused. There was natural satisfaction at the White House today that Daniels had been confirmed. The sharp contest was regarded by officials as of importance in revealing the attitude of senators toward the physical valuation of railroads.

There was lively speculation and various attempts at a construction of the president's support of Daniels in connection with the railroad situation. Senators to whom the president had expressed his desire for Daniels' confirmation found the president taking the attitude that he expected only that Daniels would be fair.

Opposition to Daniels arose out his decisions in certain public utilities cases in New Jersey.

### ELIHU FRANCIS HELD

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] ARKADAPOLIS, Ark., April 4.—On a recommendation of the coroner's jury, Elihu Francis was held in jail charged with the murder of his wife and three children, whose charred bodies were found yesterday in the ruins of their home near here. Francis declared that his wife and children were murdered with an axe by an unidentified man who set fire to the house and fled.

were designed to be as nearly alike in the capitalization of reserve banks, as possible, with the idea there would be no such concentration of reserves in the future.

## Satires On Prince's Order Sends Editors To Prison

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH] BERLIN, April 4.—Two further convictions were pronounced by the criminal court for insults to the Crown Prince Frederick William, contained in satires on his farewell order to the Hussars' Head Hussars when he was transferred to Berlin. Dr. Zepher, the owner of a weekly publication and Karl Schmidt, the author of the satire which appeared in it, were each sentenced to six weeks' detention in a fortress.

The farewell address to the Hussars was written by the crown prince and concluded as follows: "If ever the king calls and the bugle sounds charge, then think of him whose fondest wish was to live this moment of the soldier's highest happiness in your company."